



SESSION 2025 – 2026 CLASS – UKG

SYLLABUS FOR APRIL- MAY

SUBJECT	TOPIC	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ENGLISH	 Recap of Small cursive letters. Introduction of Capital cursive letters. Introduction of vowel a, and related exercises Jolly phonics revision. 	Students will be able to: Remember: The sound of vowels and associated vocabulary words. Understand: the role of vowel 'a' in forming simple CVC (Consonant-Vowel-Consonant) words. Apply: correct strokes to write capital cursive letters neatly. Analyze: Words based on their beginning sounds and vowel sounds.
MATHS	 Forward counting (1-120) Recap of backward counting (30-1). Concept of Big and Small, Tall and Short Shapes Circle and Triangle 	Students will be able to: Remember: Forward counting from 1 to 120 and backward counting from 30 to 1. Understand: The concepts of size (big/small) and height (tall/short). Apply: Knowledge to sequence numbers correctly and identify shapes like circle and triangle in everyday objects. Analyze: Compare objects based on their size, height, and shape.
HINDI	 स्वर, व्यंजन का अभ्यास विषय से संबंवित अभ्यास 	Students will be able to: Remember: All ਦੋਕੋ and ਕਾਂਯਜ letters accurately and recognize them by their shapes and sounds. Understand: The basic differences between ਦੋਕੋ and ਕਾਂਯਜ. Apply: The knowledge of ਦੋਕੋ and ਕਾਂਯਜ to form and read two-letter and three-letter Hindi words. Analyze: A group of letters and correctly sort them into ਦੋਕੋ and ਕਾਂਯਜ categories.





SESSION 2025 – 2026

CLASS – UKG

SYLLABUS FOR JULY- AUGUST

SUBJECT	TOPIC	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ENGLISH	 Recap of vowel sound "a" and related exercises. Introduction of vowel sound "e" and related exercises. Introduction of vowel sound "i" Introduction of vowel sound "o" and related exercises 	Remember: Identify and pronounce the vowel sounds "e", "i", and "o" correctly. Understand: Recognize the difference in pronunciation and usage of vowel sounds in simple words. Apply: Use the vowel sounds in related exercises like matching, filling in blanks, or picture-word associations. Analyze: Compare vowel sounds (e.g., "i" vs. "e") and sort words based on the vowel sound they contain.
MATHS	 Introduction of Forward counting from (121-200) Introduction of Backward counting from (40-1) Concept Thick-Thin and Heavy - Light. Shapes-Rectangle and Square. Introduction of Number Names (1-5) 	Students will be able to: Remember: Identify numbers from 121 to 200 in forward sequence and from 40 to 1 in backward sequence. Understand: Demonstrate awareness of number order, quantity, and directional sequencing through counting activities. Apply: Use number recognition and comparison skills to solve basic exercises, match number names (1–5), and categorize objects based on thickness and weight. Analyze: Differentiate between thick and thin, heavy and light objects; and compare rectangle vs. square by analyzing their properties (sides and corners).
HINDI	 हिंदी स्वर और व्यंजन दो अक्षर वाले सरल हिंदी शब्द 	Students will be able to: Remember: To identify the shapes, sounds, and names of Hindi swar and vyanjan. Understand: The difference between swar and vyanjan and recognize them by their sound. Apply: Combine swar and vyanjan to read and form simple two-letter Hindi words. Analyze: Compare two-letter words based on sound and structure.





SESSION 2025 – 2026 CLASS – UKG

SYLLABUS FOR SEPTEMBER- OCTOBER

SUBJECT	TOPIC	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ENGLISH	 Introduction of vowel sound u" and related exercises. Introduction of sight words or tricky words. Introduction of double letters. 	Students will be able to: Remember: The vowel sound <i>u</i> , sight words, and common double letters correctly. Understand: How vowel sounds, sight words, and double letters function in simple words. Apply: Their knowledge by reading and using sight words, and identifying double letters in words. Analyze: Words to differentiate between regular words, sight words, and those with double letters.
MATHS	 Introduction of Number Names (6-15). Introduction of Backward Counting (100-61) Concepts: Right-Left Greater than, smaller than and equal to. Shapes-oval and star. 	Students will be able to: Remember: Number names (6–15), backward counting (100–61), and the shapes oval and star. Understand: The concepts of right–left and greater than, smaller than, and equal to. Apply: Their knowledge by writing number names, performing backward counting, and identifying shapes in their surroundings. Analyze: Numbers using greater than, smaller than, and equal to, and differentiate between right and left.
HINDI	> तीन अक्षर वाले शब्द	Students will be able to: Remember: To recognize and read three-letter words (जैसे- कमल, गजल, चमन). Understand: The meaning of these words and connect them with pictures or objects. Apply: To use three-letter words to form simple sentences. Analyze: To identify and compare words based on letters and sounds (जैसे- कमल और कमर, सड़क – कड़क)





SESSION 2025 – 2026 CLASS – UKG

SYLLABUS FOR NOVEMBER- DECEMBER

SUBJECT	TOPIC	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ENGLISH	 Introduction of a/an Introduction of sound blends Introduction of parts of body 	Students will be able to: Remember: The correct use of a/an, recognize basic sound blends (e.g., bl, cl, st), and name the main parts of the body. Understand: The difference between a and an based on vowel and consonant sounds, identify sound blends within words, and understand the function of each body part. Apply: Use a/an correctly in sentences, read and spell words with common blends, and identify body parts through speaking and labeling activities. Analyze: Differentiate between correct and incorrect usage of a/an, compare words with similar blends, and analyze how different body parts help in daily activities.
MATHS	 Introduction of Number Names (16-20). Introduction of single digit addition Introduction of single digit subtraction Concept - Odd one out Shapes- half circle 	Students will be able to: Remember: Number names from 16 to 20 and recognize symbols and signs for addition (+) and subtraction (-). Understand: The concepts of addition as putting together and subtraction as taking away; identify differences among objects in the Odd One Out activity; and recognize the half-circle shape in daily life. Apply: Use number names correctly while writing or reading numbers, perform simple single-digit addition and subtraction sums, and identify half-circle shapes and odd objects in given sets. Analyze: Compare and differentiate between addition and subtraction operations, observe patterns in number sequences (16–20), and reason why one object is the "odd one out" in a group.
HINDI	 चार अक्षर वाले शब्द वाक्य रचना - चार अक्षर वाले शब्द 	Students will be able to: Remember: To recognize and read चार अक्षर वाले शब्द correctly from the given list or textbook. Understand: The meaning of four-letter words and relate them to pictures or real-life objects. Apply: To use चार अक्षर वाले शब्द to form simple and meaningful sentences orally and in writing. Analyze: Differentiate between तीन अक्षर वाले and चार अक्षर वाले शब्द by identifying the number of letters and sounds in each word.